Contact Information

- Tom Schmiedel
- Room 103 Haas Library
- 203-837-9141
- schmiedeltf@wcsu.edu
1. Off campus access
2. Information Landscape
3. Databases: CINAHL
4. Search process (search strategy)
   • Boolean Searching: Use of AND, OR to narrow or broaden search
   • Searching CINAHL
5. APA Style
6. Time for searching
Off campus access
Off campus access

• Access all library resources (1) through the library website or (2) through a link provided to you by a faculty/staff member or by Blackboard. Links provided to you should have been created such that they are routed through the library system.

• When you click on a library linked database/resource, you will be prompted to sign in through a system known as Identify Now.
  • Graphics on next slides illustrates this.
  • Use your banner/Windows username and password.
    • username001@wscu.edu (do not add connect, as you would in an email).
    • You will only have to log in one time, as long as you leave the browser open.
Off campus access

• This is the page for Nursing & Health Databases, which is accessed from the main library page under Databases by Subject.

• Once you click a database link, when off campus, you will be prompted to log into the system.
Off campus access

Sign in with your ID. Community Colleges: eight digits only; Universities add your suffix (e.g., @ccsu.edu or @wcsu.edu)

- schmiedeltf@wcsu.edu
- Password

Sign In

Forgot User Name
Forgot Password
Unlock
Reset Password
Information Landscape
Everything written about the effect of **media** on **sex** for **college students**

- Popular Writing (New York Times, Newsweek, Scientific American, novels, etc.)

- Scholarly Writing “Peer Reviewed”
  - Journal of American College Health
  - American Journal of Health Behavior
  - Computers in Human Behavior
  - Violence Against Women

Primary
Secondary
Scholarly vs. Popular Journals

**Scholarly**
Journal of American College Health

**Popular**
Science Daily
Scholarly vs. Popular Journals

**Scholarly**

*Journal of American College Health*

Safer sex in a digital world: A Web-based motivational enhancement intervention to increase condom use among college women.

Authors: Starosta, Amy J.; Cranston, Emma; Earleywine, Mitch
Affiliation: Department of Psychology, University at Albany, State University of New York, Albany, New York, USA
Source: *Journal of American College Health* (J AM COLL HEALTH), Apr 2016; 64(3): 184-193. (10p)
Publication Type: Article - research, tables/charts
Language: English
Major Subjects: Safe Sex, Condoms - Utilization, Women's Health, Students, College, Internet, Motivation

**Popular**

*Science Daily*

For teens, early sex and media exposure not linked, analysis finds

Date: August 19, 2010
Source: Temple University
Summary: In a reanalysis of a widely publicized 2006 study that suggested the amount of sexualized media a teen is exposed to affects their age at onset of sexual activity, a psychologist finds no link between the two.
Share: Facebook, Twitter, Google+, Pinterest, LinkedIn

Image: Screenshot of Science Daily website.
The Flow of Scientific Information
# Science Lab Report (example)

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<table>
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<tr>
<td>1. Problem – What are you trying to figure out? Write this in the form of a question.</td>
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<td>2. Hypothesis – What do you think you are going to find out?</td>
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<td>3. Materials – List the materials you will use in the experiment.</td>
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<td>4. Procedures – Make a detailed list of the steps in your experiment.</td>
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<td>5. Results – What did you observe when you performed the experiment?</td>
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<td>6. Conclusion – From what you observed, how would you answer your original question?</td>
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The Flow of Scientific Information

Primary and Secondary Articles
Primary and Secondary Resources


**Primary sources** are original materials that provide firsthand records of events, experiments, creative works, or statistics. They form the basis for subsequent interpretations, analyses, and explanations. Some examples of primary sources are quantitative, qualitative and empirical research studies.

**Secondary sources** are materials that provide interpretations, explanations, and descriptions of primary sources. Some examples of secondary sources are editorial and review articles, media, and other reports that review events, experiments, and creative works.
Objective: This study is a randomized trial of a Web-based intervention to increase condom use among college women.

Participants: From October 2012 to March 2013, N= 422 completed baseline questionnaires and intervention procedures. n= 216 completed 3-month follow-up.

Methods: Participants completed a decisional balance exercise examining their sex acts over the past 3 months and wrote an essay encouraging young girls to use condoms. All procedures were conducted online.

Results: The intervention improved intentions to use and attitudes towards condoms for 3 subscales of condom attitudes.
Objective. We sought to determine of what is and is not known on a scientific basis of the effects of mass media on adolescent sexual attitudes and behaviors.

Method. We performed an extensive, systematic review of the relevant biomedical and social science literature and other sources on the sexual content of various mass media, the exposure of adolescents to that media, the effects of that exposure on the adolescents' sexual attitudes and behaviors, and ways to mitigate those effects.
Databases
Databases

• Collections of articles, reports, books, and other types of items
• Provide a means of searching for information you need
• Databases are designed and organized in a manner to help you search
• Might include actual “text” or might just be an index without text
Databases
(also called article databases, index or index/abstract databases)

• Articles are indexed in databases fields.
  • Index of topics in back of a book
  • Index of authors in back of a book
  • Topics and authors could be database fields
Databases
(also called article databases, index or index/abstract databases)

• Generally, one searches using words or terms in fields. Each field can be indexed
  • Abstract
  • Title
  • Keyword
  • Subject
  • Author
  • Publication

• “Select a field” in Ebsco generally means will search in all fields. Will illustrate.
Databases
(also called article databases, index or index/abstract databases)

• Have filters to let you specify ...
  • Year(s) published
  • Types of resources/studies (journal article, clinical trial, meta-analysis, etc.)
  • Geographic data
  • Age
  • Gender
  • Nursing journals
  • And more ...
Databases
(also called article databases, index or index/abstract databases)

• CINAHL, Medline, and PubMed are medical/health databases. PsycINFO very relevant as well.

Getting the actual article

• Some databases
  • (a) provide the actual article within the database
  • (b) link out to the article somewhere outside of the database
  • (c) do not provide the article (in which case one needs to use interlibrary loan ILL)

• Don’t forget to get the citations
CINAHL Advanced Search
Boolean Search

What effects do media have on sexual activity in college students?
Search Terms

media
68K results

sex
187K results

college
94K results
Boolean **AND**

media (68K) AND sex (187K)

= **only area common to both**

3K results
Boolean AND

media AND sex AND college

= only area common to all

139 results
Boolean Searching

68K results (search in multiple fields)

15 K results (search in title)
Boolean **AND**

media AND sex

= only area common to both

3K results (search in multiple fields)

106 results (search in title only)
Boolean **AND**

- **media**
- **sex**
- **college**

**only area common to all**

139 results (search in multiple fields)

2 results (search in title only)
Alternate Terms – Boolean OR

media

media or television or internet or social media or advertising or magazines

68K results

139K results
Boolean **AND** with OR

(media or television or internet or social media or advertising or magazines) **AND**

(sex or sexuality or sexual activity or sexual behavior or intimacy) = only area common to both

7K results
CINAHL
Databases By Subject
Databases By Subject

The databases below cover general subjects and are great places to start, no matter what.

Find Databases by Subject

To find databases for specific subjects, check out the pages below or filter the A-Z list by subject:

- Business
- Communication & Media Arts
- Education & Educational Psychology
- English, Languages, & Literature
- History & Non-Western Cultures
- JLA: Justice & Law Administration
- Math & Computer Science
- News
- Nursing, Medicine, & Allied Health
- Philosophy & Humanistic Studies
- Psychology
- Reference & Statistics
- Sciences
- Social Sciences
- Visual & Performing Arts
Nursing Databases

- CINAHL Complete
  This is the definitive research tool for nursing and allied health professionals. With CINAHL Complete users get fast and easy access to top nursing and allied health journals, evidence-based care sheets, and quick lessons. Indexing for more than 5,000 journals. Full text for more than 1,300 journals.

- MEDLINE 1966 - present
  Premier source for bibliographic and abstract coverage of biomedical literature. Includes information from Index Medicus, Index to Dental Literature, and International Nursing, as well as other sources of coverage in the areas of allied health, biological, and physical sciences, humanities, and information science as they relate to medicine and health care, communication disorders, population biology, and reproductive biology.

- Ovid Nursing Journals
  The Ovid Nursing Collection provides access to a collection of high-quality nursing journals.

- PubMed
Initial Search
No Limiters
Alternate Terms
Limiters: Date, Peer Reviewed
Same Search
Limited to Peer Reviewed, 2013-2018
Same Search
With Media Now Changed to Title Field
Activity in social media and intimacy in social relationships.

Authors: Sutcliffe, Alistair G.; Binder, Jens F.; Dunbar, Robin I. M.

Affiliation: Manchester Business School, University of Manchester, Booth Street West, Manchester, M15 6PB, UK
School of Social Sciences, Nottingham Trent University, Burton Street, Nottingham, NG1 4BU, UK
Department of Experimental Psychology, University of Oxford, Oxford, UK

Source: Computers in Human Behavior (COMPUT HUM BEHAV), Aug2018, 85: 227-235. (Sp)

Publication Type: Article

Language: English

Major Subjects: Social Media -- Utilization
Intimacy
Journal Finder (Link Resolver)

Title Search Results

You searched for:
Computers in Human Behavior
Issn: 0747-5632 Date: 20180801 Vol: 85 "Activity in social media and intimacy in social relationships." p.227

Computers in Human Behavior
Alternate Titles: | Comput Human Behav | CHBEEQ
Sources
Get It Now - the Library is happy to obtain a copy of the article you are requesting at no cost to you. Please use this service responsibly; funds available for requests are limited. You MUST use your @wcsu.edu email address to place your request.

Article
v.85 (20180801) (20180801) pg.227 "Activity in social m..."
• You can see the sources and the coverage dates (full text begin and end dates).

• About coverage dates ...
  – Sometimes the data displayed is incorrect.
  – The pages displayed are created as a result of several computer systems communicating.
  – Sometimes they do not get along as well as we would like, and a result is incorrect data.
  – If you see a link to buy the article, NO.
  – If you have trouble you can always contact me.
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<td>Computers in Human Behavior</td>
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Article Record with PDF
Other things you might see ...
Tools - Cite
Questions?
APA Citation Style

http://libguides.wcsu.edu/styles
In Text Citations

In-Text Citations: The Basics

Summary:
APA (American Psychological Association) style is most commonly used to cite sources within the social sciences. This resource, revised according to the 6th edition, second printing of the APA manual, offers examples for the general format of APA research papers, in-text citations, endnotes/footnotes, and the reference page. For more information, please consult the Publication Manual of the American Psychological Association, (6th ed., 2nd printing).

Contributors: Joshua M. Paiz, Elizabeth Angeli, Jodi Wagner, Elena Lawwick, Kristen Moore, Michael Anderson, Lars Soderlund, Allen Brizae, Russell Keck
Last Edited: 2013-11-23 08:32:11

Reference citations in text are covered on pages 169-179 of the Publication Manual. What follows are some general guidelines for referring to the works of others in your essay.

Note: APA style requires authors to use the past tense or present perfect tense when using signal phrases to describe earlier research, for example, Jones (1998) found or Jones (1998) has found...

APA citation basics

When using APA format, follow the author-date method of in-text citation. This means that the author’s last name and the year of publication for the source should appear in the text, for
Purdue OWL
Reference List - Electronic Resources
Questions and Comments
Center For Disease Control
https://www.cdc.gov/
CDC Statistics: [https://www.cdc.gov/std/stats/](https://www.cdc.gov/std/stats/)
# CDC Sexual Risk Behaviors

[https://www.cdc.gov/healthyyouth/sexualbehaviors/](https://www.cdc.gov/healthyyouth/sexualbehaviors/)

## Sexual Risk Behaviors: HIV, STD, & Teen Pregnancy Prevention

Many young people engage in sexual risk behaviors and experiences that can result in unintended health outcomes. For example, among U.S. high school students surveyed in 2017:

- 40% had ever had sexual intercourse.
- 10% had four or more sexual partners.
- 7% had been physically forced to have sexual intercourse when they did not want to.
- 30% had had sexual intercourse during the previous 3 months, and, of these
  - 46% did not use a condom the last time they had sex.
  - 14% did not use any method to prevent pregnancy.
  - 19% had drunk alcohol or used drugs before last sexual intercourse.
- Nearly 10% of all students have ever been tested for human immunodeficiency virus (HIV).
Health, United States, 2016
National Center for Health Statistics
http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/hus/index.htm
Medline Plus

https://medlineplus.gov/healthstatistics.html
Medline Plus
https://medlineplus.gov/sexualhealth.html
National Survey of Sexual Health and Behavior (NSSHB): [http://www.nationalsexstudy.indiana.edu/](http://www.nationalsexstudy.indiana.edu/)
NY Times

Sexuality and Social Media
HASTAC (Humanities, Arts, Science, and Technology Alliance and Collaboratory)
https://www.hastac.org/opportunities/sexuality-and-social-media